6th ESAM Trust and Care for Aviation Safety Joint meeting with ASMA, The Czech Society of Aviation Medicine (CZAAM), & the Czech Aeronautical Institute

Psychiatry Clinical Readings
Of Aviation Accident Investigators' Reports:
An Interactive Workshop
Prague, 20-23 Sept 2018

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Bio

Training

- Med School, Université Paris VII
- Residency, Université de Montréal
- Fellowship, Harvard University

Positions

- McGill, 1990-2004
- Centre Intégré Universitaire, Est de Montréal (CIUSSS), Santa Cabrini, 2000-

Expertise

- Liaison Consultation
- Trans-cultural Psychiatry
- Aviation

Disclosure

No financial interest nor affiliation with:

Pilot Unions

Transporters

Ruling Authorities

Pharmaceutical companies

Adhesions to:

Canadian Medical Ethics, Regulations & Best Practice norms





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Objectives

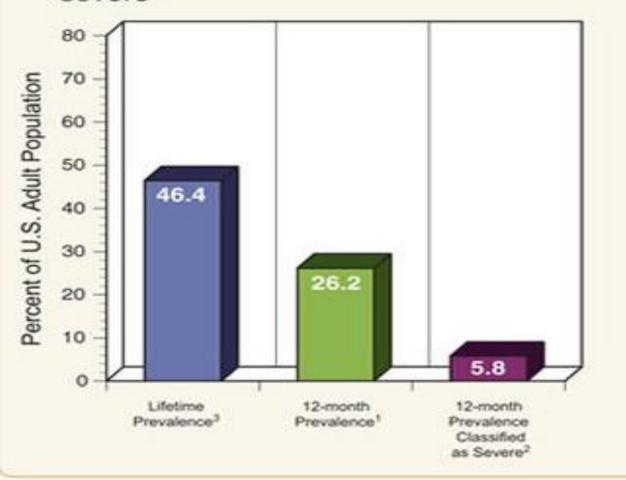
- 1. Develop vigilance for subtle signs & symptoms of mental unfitness in Transport Safety Board (TSB) investigation reports
- 2. Workup differential diagnosis
- 3. Identify sources of under-detection of psycho-social Issues in aviation professionals.

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 - d) MH370
- 5. Conclusion

Prevalence

- 12-month Prevalence: 26.2% of U.S. adult population¹
- Severe: 22.3% of these cases (e.g., 5.8% U.S. adult population) are classified as "severe"²



1 - Context 1 : Mental Illnesses in Pilots

- Psychometric screenings not a tool to detect mental illnesses
- Prevalence ? ≈ 6% similar to General Population



(Transport Canada; FAA; Parker, 2001; Terouz, 2018.)

Context 2: Human factors causes 80% of accidents

- Cognition: memory, concentration, orientation
- Executive functions: prioritization, sequencing
- Psychomotor tonus, speed, reflexes
- Emotional exhaustion: instability, vulnerability, resiliency
- Mental exhaustion: aberrant thought processing, confusion, restricted awareness, judgment, analysis
- Physical exhaustion: incoordination, accident-prone, startle reflexe Those mental dysfunctions are trademarks of any 3 DSM axis
- 1. Symptoms & signs always come in cluster
- 2. Is there a sub-clinical mental condition behind a human error?



1 - Context 3: Under-detection of Depression in Pilots

Intention of professional pilots with depression:

- 60% continue flying without meds
- 15% continue flying without reporting meds to FAA
- 25% declare their pills & ground themselves

(ALPA, 1997-2001)



2 - Research Question: Psychiatric Issues in TSB investigations

- 1 How do TSB Investigators detect psychiatric potential causes for accidents and incidents?
- 2 Which is the standard protocol TSB conform to?

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3 - TSB Investigation Reports: Selection Criteria

Select-out criteria:

No reason to suspect major human errors, mental issues Confirmed cases (Egyptair, FedEx, etc.)

- Obvious
- (Yet missed by psychometric "screenings")

Select-in criteria:

- 1. Reports did not answer why other crews did not crash in same conditions
- 2. Circumstances were insufficient to explain the accidentt and possibility of overlooked mental issues.

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4 - Analysis of TSB Reports on Mental Issues : 4a - Prototype Model on Mental Health

ICAO Annex 13 Manual for Accident Investigator : Non-disclosure of investigation records

- Medical or private info
- Interview, communications
- CVR and CVR transcripts; cockpit recording

Inconsistent revelation per jurisdiction of investigating State

4 - Analysis of TSB Reports on Mental Issues : 4a - Prototype Model on Mental Health

A Medical/Human Factors group is in charge of investigating :

- Rest periods
- Autopsies
- Physical and mental health
- Activities particularly in the 24 h prior to accident.

Assumption: HF are able to detect, diagnose mental issues and to eventually appoint mental health clinicians

? Guidance material on practice norms, protocol for psycho-social autopsy ?

4 - Analysis of TSB Reports on Mental Issues : 4a - Prototype Model on Mental Health

Most conclusions are generic:

"No indication of pilot's performance degraded by medical or physiological factors"

BEA investigator: "Case closed once a suitable cause of crash is found"

- No need to find the cause of the human error
- Another Swiss Cheese hole missed!

Why did this human error occurred?



4b - British Airways LHR - OSL, 23 May 2013

A319 Emergency landing, both engines caught fire

- 2 nightshift technicians left
 A320 engine covers unlatched
- But returned to finish the job later at the WRONG A321

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/55a4bdb940f0b61562000001/AAR_1-2015_G-EUOE.pdf

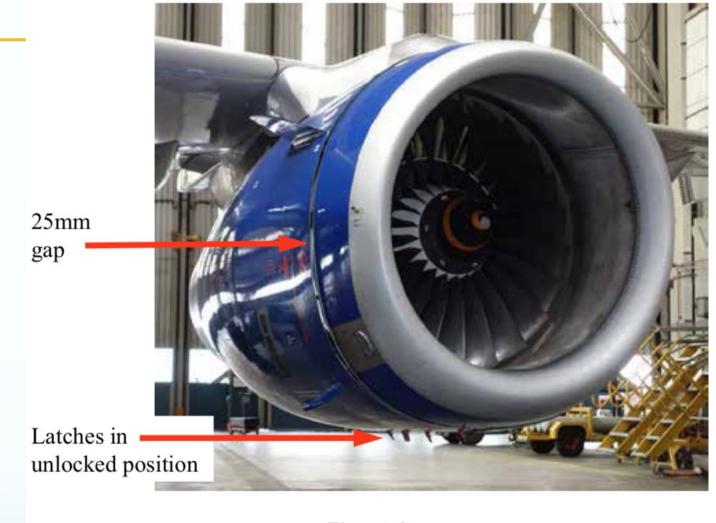


Figure 8

Fan cowl doors on the hold-open device; latches in unlocked position as shown in Figure 7(e)

4b – BA, LHR – OSL, 23 May 2013 Working time

Technician A, within 3 weeks:

- 5 shifts + 6 overtimes x ~12 h each, 4 days off, 70 h/w
 Workload was
- Compliant with BA & EU Working Time Directive
 ~ 48 h/w, max 72hr, suggested limit < 60 hr
- "... not unusual or excessive in one shift", "not specific to A or B"

Onus on workers to monitor their hours & refuse overtime if fatigued Reprimanded If non-compliant with policy limits

A & B did not opt out of working time limits



4b – BA, LHR – OSL, 23 May 2013

Cause: Fatigue

No other psycho-social or health information

You are a member of the TSB team Is your job done?



4b - British Airways LHR - OSL, 23 May 2013

Keep going!

Why did A&B's fatigue level exceeds peers'? Why did the tech needed to work so much?

- Unusual financial need?
- Intimidating pressure for over

Toxicology? Stressors?







4c - The TAM crash, São Paolo, July 17, 2007

A very strange accident where the pilot crashed into employer's hangar.

<u>https://reports.aviation-safety.net/2007/20070717-0_A320_PR-MBK.pdf</u>

- 1 Investigator phoned the PIC family doctor :
 - "... pilot did not seem to be depressed at the time of the crash..."
 - Depression 3 y ago "because of a failure in the sim check"
- 2 Cephalalgia undetermined type but "extremely plausible that it may have exerted some influence on his cognitive and psychomotor capabilities"
- 3 Organization culture and working atmosphere on > 20/150 pages

4c - The TAM crash, São Paolo, July 17, 2007

No other health information

You are a member of the TSB team: what is your next step?



4c - The TAM crash, São Paolo, July 17, 2007 1 - No depression P

Off Antidepressant:

risk of relapse

Sim failure:

- A result of an undetected Major Depression?
- vs a Reactive Depression ?
- Calling the PIC family doctor: "No medical issue, no depression"
- For post-mortem psychiatry?
- Why not an AME, a forensic psychiatrist, or a coroner?



4c - The TAM crash, São Paolo, July 17, 2007 1 - No Depression Really ?

- ? Obstacles of further inquiries:
 - Medical charts?
 - "... the PIC was not monitored in the company as the objective was to comply with legal working-demands"
 - Toxicology?
 - Psycho-socio-financial autopsy?
 - Entourage?

No arguments to rule out a diagnosis, even if an active depression may contribute little if at all to the crash!



4c - The TAM crash, São Paolo, July 17, 2007 2 - Headache Causing A Crash ?

Headache 4 A's: Anytime Anywhere to Anyone for Anything Most headaches preserve mental functions & neuronal circuits.

? Obstacles of further inquiries with:

- Post-mortem autopsy
- Neurologist input for handicapping headache
- ? Sudden incapacitation: de novo stroke, hemorrhage, tumor, meningitis, epilepsy, etc.



4c - The TAM crash, São Paolo, July 17, 2007 3 - Pathogenic Working Atmosphere ?

Pilot's resentment at working conditions?

- Symbolic meaning of "targeting" employers' hangar to crash
- Freudian slips can be unconsciously wanted
- Substantiate intention with the pilot's acting-out pattern?

Actions against Brazil Aviation Authorities and TAM:

- 8 years of legal debates; case closed in 2015
- Not sure who to blame

Is the Cpt an outlier compared to his peers?



4c – The Québec Professional Code (*Art. 37.1,* 1973)

Quebec: only licenced health Professionals are qualified to make

- Assessment
- Clinical judgment
- Diagnosis
- Prognosis
- Treatment (Design & implement)

Goals:

- To advise the Tribunal
- To limit prejudice, commercialization of health
- To protect public safety & vulnerable clientele

TSB is not qualified to confirm / rule out a diagnosis



















(Office of Professionals, 1970 Editeur Officiel du Québec, Art. 36, Div. III)

4c - Tribunal des ProfessionsPenal Provisions

Mind the law!

Art. 37.2: \$2,500 - \$125,000 liabilities for :

- Illegal use of Reserved Professional Title
- Non-professional engaged in Reserved Activities

Chapter C-26, Chapter VII, Art. 188 Ch. C-26, Chapter IV, Division III (1973) 2002, c. 33, s. 2. Editeur Officiel du Québec Updated Sept 1, 2017











Tarot Psychotherapist

- A generic basic analysis for an extraordinarily case
- No abnormality in the organization system radar ATC operation maintenance human error engine combined
- "... the turn back was likely made while the aircraft was under manual control and not the autopilot."

http://mh370.mot.gov.my/MH370SafetyInvestigationReport.pdf

Disproportionate attention attributed to the automation brain above the human brain :

- 13 / 459 pages of the final report bear on the Cpt,
 FO, 10 Stewards personnel psycho-socio-financial data.
- Investigated by the Police Department: all good

No other information

You are a member of the TSB team: how to make sense of your inability to identify this human factor?



Interpret the Report in light of cultural aspects:

- Psychology sciences almost inexistent in Asian nations
- Depression is not considered an illness
- Mental illnesses are conceived as:
 - Severe psychosis, epilepsy, mental retardation
 - Curses that condemns generations and shuts entourage
- Treated in religious temples, segregated with addicts...



So was it considered as a crime?

Was the Police looking for pathological causes of the crash too?

No routine investigation yet for :

- Religious habits ?
- Terrorism?
- Suicide in a sound mind?



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Conclusion: Research Questions

1 - How do TSB Investigators rule out psychiatric potential causes of incident/accident?

They do not – except when mental issues are:

- Undeniable
- The main hole of the Swiss Cheese
- 2 Which is their analysis protocol to conform to?
 - None
 - The public is entitled to know the procedures
 AND the relevant confidential data ?!

Conclusion: Research Direction

Minimize under-detection of mental disorders in aviation:

- Sharpen up the detection culture
- Reassess prevalence of mental pathologies
- Then reformulate management, position papers and policies.

The most challenging tasks in psychiatry is to prove that a person is normal!

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Thank you!

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